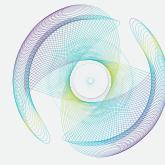


Changing of the Guard in EU Institutions 2024



FUTURE
PROOFING
EUROPE



6-9 June

European Parliament elections.



17 June

Informal meeting of the European Council where national leaders will discuss candidates for the President of the European Commission and President of the European Council.

1 July

Hungary will assume the rotating Presidency of the Council of the EU.

16-19 July

At the first plenary of the new European Parliament, MEPs will elect a President of the European Parliament, 14 Vice-Presidents of the European Parliament, and five questors.

The Conference of Presidents of political groups will also decide on the date that the Parliament will vote on the candidate for the President of the European Commission.

22-25 July

Committees of the European Parliament will meet for the first time to elect their Chairs and Vice-Chairs.

September

Nominations will open for a new European Ombudsman.

September-December

Each Commissioner-designate will go before the relevant committee of the European Parliament for a hearing to assess their qualifications and suitability.

1 December

A new President of the European Council will take office.

19-20 December

Formal meeting of the European Council where, if already accepted by the European Parliament, national leaders will officially appoint the new European Commission by qualified majority.

10 June-16 July

Formation of European Parliament political groups and their leaders.

27-28 June

Formal meeting of the European Council where national leaders will propose a candidate for the President of the European Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy by qualified majority.

National leaders may also elect a new President of the European Council by qualified majority. If no agreement can be found at the June summit, the European Council may wait until autumn to elect a new President.

16-19 July or 16-19 September

The European Parliament will vote by majority (361 of 720 MEPs) to accept or reject the candidate for the President of the European Commission, as proposed by the European Council.

If the candidate for the President of the European Commission is rejected by the European Parliament, the European Council must propose a new candidate to the Parliament within one month.

From either July or September onwards

The European Council and the President-elect of the European Commission will draw up a list of European Commissioners, one nominated by the government of each Member State.

The President-elect of the European Commission will determine the policy portfolio of each Commissioner-designate.

October-December

The European Parliament's Petitions Committee will conduct hearings of nominees for a new European Ombudsman.

16-19 December

If the hearings by the Committees are concluded, the plenary of the European Parliament will vote by majority to approve or reject the European Commission as a whole.

The European Parliament will also vote to elect a new European Ombudsman.

1 January

Poland will assume the rotating Presidency of the Council of the EU.